



# 区块链技术与应用

v0.10.26

## 实验一：分布式账本

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# 分布式账本概述

## 区块链核心思想

- ❖ 区块链（Blockchain）本质上是一个数据库
- ❖ 该数据库的设计目的为：安全、防止篡改
- ❖ 但是，区块链为了安全付出了运行缓慢的代价

# 分布式账本概述

## 区块链核心思想

### ❖ “区块” (Block)

Block Meta

Item

Item

...

# 分布式账本概述

## 区块链核心思想

### ❖ “区块” (Block)

Database Meta

Block

Block

Block

Block

Block

...

# 分布式账本概述

## 区块链核心思想

### ❖ “链” (Chain)

Block Meta

Item



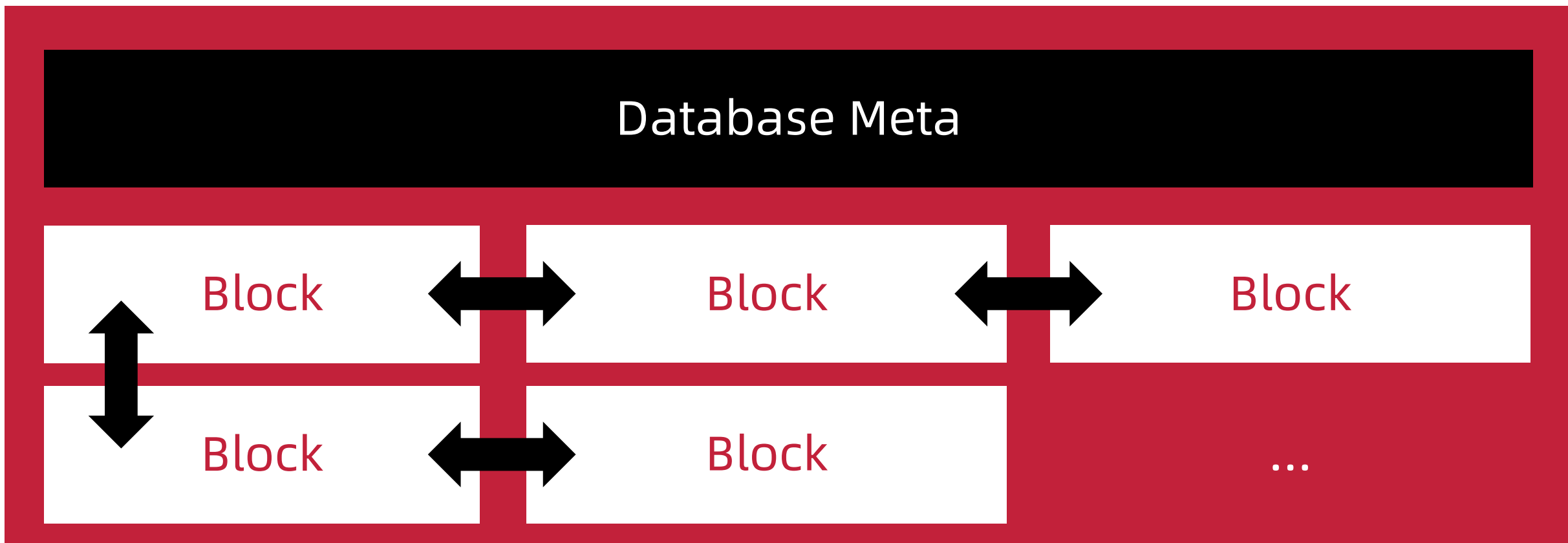
Item

...

# 分布式账本概述

## 区块链核心思想

### ❖ “链” (Chain)



# 分布式账本概述

## 区块链核心思想



# 分布式账本概述

## 金融账本基础

- ❖ 交易 (Transaction)
- ❖ 又称贸易、交换、互市，是买卖双方对有价值物品及服务进行互通有无的行为
- ❖ 可以是以货币为交易媒介的过程，也可以是以物易物
- ❖ 在区块链账本系统中，一条记录 (Item) 通常为一条交易 (Transaction)



# 分布式账本概述

## 金融账本基础

- ❖ 账本 (Ledger)
- ❖ 具有一定格式与若干账页组成，以会计凭证为依据，对所有经济业务进行序时分类记录的本籍，也就是通常我们所说的账册
- ❖ 简单来讲，**一个账本包含多条交易记录**
- ❖ 在区块链账本系统中，一个账本 (Ledger) 即为一个区块链 (Blockchain)
- ❖ 区块 (Block) 相当于为账本的分页 (Page)

# 分布式账本概述

## 分布式账本特点

- ❖ 分布式账本（Distributed Ledger）
- ❖ 又称共享账本（Shared Ledger）、分散式账本技术（Distributed ledger Technology, DLT）
- ❖ 是一个由多站点、多国家或多家机构所组成的在网络上进行电子数据复制、共享及同步的**共识机制**
- ❖ 通常不依赖也**不存在中央管理员**或集中的数据存储
- ❖ 对等网络与共识机制确保了跨节点间的数据能被正确复制
- ❖ **区块链系统是分布式账本的一种实现方法**

# 实现简单的分布式账本

编程基础



<https://websitesetup.org/wp-content/uploads/2020/04/Python-Cheat-Sheet.pdf>  
[https://perso.limsi.fr/poinal/\\_media/python:cours:mementopython3-english.pdf](https://perso.limsi.fr/poinal/_media/python:cours:mementopython3-english.pdf)

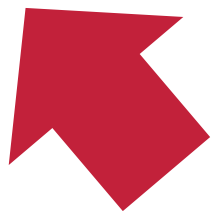
# 实现简单的分布式账本

可做散列函数的基类

❖ basic.py

```
import hashlib
from wrenchbox.object import Dict2StrSafe

class Base(Dict2StrSafe):
    def hash(self):
        return hashlib.sha1(str(self.__dict__).encode()).hexdigest()
```



# 实现简单的分布式账本

## 交易记录类

### ❖ transaction.py

```
from datetime import datetime
from uuid import UUID
```

```
from .basic import Base
```

```
class Transaction(Base):
    def __init__(self,
                 sender: str, receiver: str,
                 amount: int, t: float = None,
                 prev_hash: str = None):
```

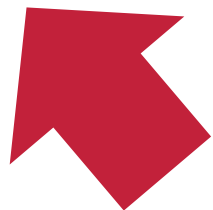
```
...
```

# 实现简单的分布式账本

## 交易记录类

### ❖ transaction.py

```
class Transaction(Base):  
    def __init__(self, ...):  
        assert UUID(sender, version=4)  
        assert UUID(receiver, version=4)  
        self.sender = sender  
        self.receiver = receiver  
        self.amount = amount  
        self.t = t if t is not None else datetime.now().timestamp()  
        self.prev_hash = prev_hash
```



# 实现简单的分布式账本

## 区块链类

### ❖ blockchain.py

```
from .basic import Base
```

```
class Block(Base):  
    def __init__(self, prev_hash: str = None):  
        self.items = []  
        self.prev_hash = prev_hash
```

```
...
```

# 实现简单的分布式账本

## 区块链类

### ❖ blockchain.py

```
class Block(Base):  
    ...  
  
    def add(self, item):  
        item.prev_hash = self.items[-1].hash() if len(self.items) else None  
        self.items.append(item)  
  
    ...
```



# 实现简单的分布式账本

## 区块链类

### ❖ blockchain.py


```
class Block(Base):  
    ...  
  
    def validate(self):  
        for i in range(len(self.items)):  
            assert i == 0 or self.items[i].prev_hash == self.items[i - 1].hash()
```

# 实现简单的分布式账本

## 区块链类

### ❖ blockchain.py

```
class Blockchain(Base):  
    def __init__(self):  
        self.blocks = []  
  
    def add(self, block):  
        block.prev_hash = self.blocks[-1].hash() if len(self.blocks) else None  
        self.blocks.append(block)  
  
    ...
```



# 实现简单的分布式账本

## 区块链类

### ❖ blockchain.py

```
class Blockchain(Base):
```

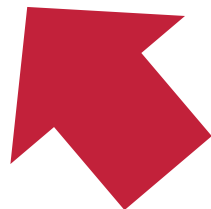
```
    ...
```

```
    def validate(self):
```

```
        for i in range(len(self.blocks)):
```

```
            assert i == 0 or self.blocks[i].prev_hash == self.blocks[i - 1].hash()
```

```
            self.blocks[i].validate()
```



# 实现简单的分布式账本

## 测试本地账本

### ❖ test.py

```
import json
import random
from uuid import uuid4
```

```
from foxchain.blockchain import Blockchain, Block
from foxchain.transaction import Transaction
```

```
if __name__ == '__main__':
    chain = Blockchain()
    ...
```

# 实现简单的分布式账本

## 测试本地账本

### ❖ test.py

...

```
if __name__ == '__main__':  
    chain = Blockchain()  
    for i in range(3):  
        block = Block()  
        for j in range(10):  
            transaction = Transaction(sender=str(uuid4()), receiver=str(uuid4()),  
                                     amount=random.randint(1, 1000000))  
        )  
        block.add(transaction)  
    chain.add(block)
```

...

# 实现简单的分布式账本

## 测试本地账本

### ❖ test.py

```
...  
if __name__ == '__main__':  
    ...  
    print(json.dumps(json.loads(str(chain)), indent=4, sort_keys=True))  
    print(chain.validate())  
    ...
```

~/Downloads/foxchain-master » python3 test.py

valency@Aorus-Master

```
{
  "blocks": [
    {
      "items": [
        {
          "amount": 356347,
          "prev_hash": null,
          "receiver": "37ef4c46-ff77-403f-9e6d-98ba2bf1dee6",
          "sender": "fcad5575-b26c-428b-9838-19ffd61550d2",
          "t": 1616080992.596395
        },
        {
          "amount": 81010,
          "prev_hash": "a591128e038be3e10ee2bcf9a5958d4161161aca",
          "receiver": "0aec5738-92d5-4476-95c7-adadbd2a2fc3",
          "sender": "c477faa2-745c-44af-bc13-6473161022b6",
          "t": 1616080992.596419
        }
      ]
    }
  ]
}
```







```
"amount": 562685,  
"prev_hash": "569db9a871dbb5a05f39c23a105f1749ef91286b",  
"receiver": "f0ba9efa-6d18-4070-a213-f76de5056a96",  
"sender": "602fb937-14e0-4706-90f9-348511f4fe53",  
"t": 1616080992.596876
```

```
},  
}
```

```
"amount": 661301,  
"prev_hash": "e86c661515d935a0234c7c229b48e20b37ae3a66",  
"receiver": "fb564195-9bdd-4367-90d3-b22da9392174",  
"sender": "c62d172c-dbc1-4fb3-b015-c90786eac802",  
"t": 1616080992.596894
```

```
}
```

```
],
```

```
"prev_hash": "f830a6e33f652408d07a2ade01a922f36f6f50e8"
```

```
}
```

```
]
```

```
}
```

None



# 实现简单的分布式账本

## 测试本地账本

### ❖ test.py

```
...  
if __name__ == '__main__':  
    ...  
    chain.blocks[0].items[0].receiver = str(uuid4())  
    print(json.dumps(json.loads(str(chain)), indent=4, sort_keys=True))  
    print(chain.validate())
```

```
    "prev_hash": "0000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000",
    "receiver": "aa77a86d-0f26-45c4-83ed-64426782cad5",
    "sender": "7a342e40-4a54-41a0-8b07-347cc3b8bcc9",
    "t": 1616081241.470215
  }
],
"prev_hash": "964b2eadebde2ad33a52c4219b79fd2b6e198559"
}
]
```

Traceback (most recent call last):

File "test.py", line 24, in <module>

print(chain.validate())

File "/mnt/c/Users/Valency/Downloads/foxchain-master/foxchain/blockchain.py", line 29, in validate

self.blocks[i].validate()

File "/mnt/c/Users/Valency/Downloads/foxchain-master/foxchain/blockchain.py", line 15, in validate

assert i == 0 or self.items[i].prev\_hash == self.items[i - 1].hash()

AssertionError

---

# 作业

- ❖ 撰写一个 Ledger 类继承 Blockchain 类
- ❖ 为 Ledger 类提供一个函数，该函数能够计算指定账户的余额
- ❖ 重载 Ledger 类的添加区块函数，使得 Ledger 类在添加区块时，校验每一笔交易中的转账金额不能大于账户余额
  
- ❖ 提供完整的测试代码及截图
- ❖ 测试用例应当包含出错的情况



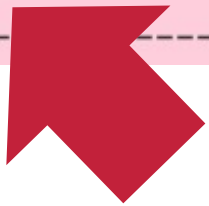
# 作业

```
-----  
~/Workspace/foxchain(master*) » python3 -u -m foxchain.tests.ledger valency@Sakura  
{"sender": "00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000", "receiver": "7dd5fcb0-3570-4e04-96e1-737712485d90", "amount": 218250, "t  
": 1616149936.120172, "prev_hash": null}  
218250 0  
{"sender": "7dd5fcb0-3570-4e04-96e1-737712485d90", "receiver": "654b43c2-7788-4a11-9afe-3e98a2d74d7c", "amount": 202551, "t  
": 1616149936.120519, "prev_hash": null}  
15699 202551  
-----
```

```
~/Workspace/foxchain(master*) » python3 -u -m foxchain.tests.ledger valency@Sakura  
{"sender": "00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000", "receiver": "20a806bf-e396-4ad2-966e-31fd490fd80b", "amount": 450185, "t  
": 1616149936.907113, "prev_hash": null}  
450185 0  
{"sender": "20a806bf-e396-4ad2-966e-31fd490fd80b", "receiver": "5378c9b1-c94e-4501-9e68-f01f48cb3964", "amount": 328853, "t  
": 1616149936.907495, "prev_hash": null}  
121332 328853  
-----
```

# 作业

```
~/Workspace/foxchain(master*) » python3 -u -m foxchain.tests.ledger valency@Sakura
{"sender": "00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000", "receiver": "43f81799-8244-4e05-bf61-88f4a27871b4", "amount": 198805, "t
": 1616149937.674487, "prev_hash": null}
198805 0
{"sender": "43f81799-8244-4e05-bf61-88f4a27871b4", "receiver": "40d3afbb-521c-440c-b5f4-3f15e2f58f7a", "amount": 898042, "t
": 1616149937.675232, "prev_hash": null}
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "/usr/lib/python3.8/runpy.py", line 194, in _run_module_as_main
    return _run_code(code, main_globals, None,
  File "/usr/lib/python3.8/runpy.py", line 87, in _run_code
    exec(code, run_globals)
  File "/mnt/e/Workspace/foxchain/foxchain/tests/ledger.py", line 20, in <module>
    ledger.add(block)
  File "/mnt/e/Workspace/foxchain/foxchain/ledger.py", line 19, in add
    assert transaction.sender == GENESIS or self.balance(transaction.sender) ≥ transaction.amount
AssertionError
```



# 作业

- ❖ 在作业系统中下载并完成本实验课对应实验报告
- ❖ <https://hw.css.dgut.edu.cn/>
- ❖ 注意：所有标识为 \* 的地方都需要填写
- ❖ 截止日期：2021-11-04 23:59

课程名称：区块链技术与应用

学期：2021 年春季

实验名称	分布式账本			实验序号	1
姓名	***	学号	***	班级	***
实验地点	***	实验日期	***	指导老师	丁焯
教师评语	-			实验成绩	-
				百分制	100
同组同学					

## 四、实验作业及分析

### 4.1 实验过程

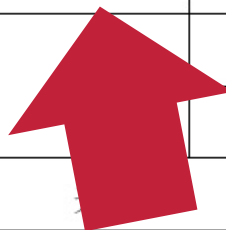
1) \*\*\* 请将详细实验过程填写在此处 \*\*\*

### 4.2 实验结果

\*\*\* 请将实验结果截图填写在此处 \*\*\*

## 五、实验总结

\*\*\* 请撰写一段 200 字左右的实验总结 \*\*\*



**GOOD  
LUCK!**



A graphic design featuring the text "GOOD LUCK!" in a bold, black, sans-serif font. The text is arranged in two lines: "GOOD" on top and "LUCK!" on the bottom. Below the word "LUCK!" is a small, solid red heart icon. The entire text and heart are centered within a circular arrangement of black lines of varying lengths, radiating outwards to create a sunburst or starburst effect.